Chapter 11 - REEXAMINATIONS

INTRODUCTION

The CCHA is required to reexamine each family's income and composition at least annually, and to adjust the family's level of assistance accordingly. Interim reexaminations are also needed in certain situations. This chapter discusses both annual and interim reexaminations, and the recalculation of family share and subsidy that occurs as a result. HUD regulations and CCHA policies concerning reexaminations are presented in three parts:

<u>Part I: Annual Reexaminations</u>. This part discusses the process for conducting annual reexaminations.

<u>Part II: Interim Reexaminations</u>. This part details the requirements for families to report changes in family income and composition between annual reexaminations.

<u>Part III: Recalculating Family Share and Subsidy Amount</u>. This part discusses the recalculation of family share and subsidy amounts based on the results of annual and interim reexaminations.

Policies governing reasonable accommodation, family privacy, required family cooperation, and program abuse, as described elsewhere in this plan, apply to both annual and interim reexaminations.

PART I: ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS [24 CFR 982.516]

11-I.A. OVERVIEW

The CCHA must conduct a reexamination of family income and composition at least annually. This includes gathering and verifying current information about family composition, income, and expenses. Based on this updated information, the family's income and rent must be recalculated. This part discusses the schedule for annual reexaminations, the information to be collected and verified, and annual reexamination effective dates.

11-I.B STREAMLINED ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS [24 CFR 982.516(b)]

HUD permits CCHAs to streamline the income determination process for family members with fixed sources of income. While third-party verification of all income sources must be obtained during the intake process and every three years thereafter, in the intervening years the CCHA may determine income from fixed sources by applying a verified cost of living adjustment (COLA) or rate of interest. The CCHA may, however, obtain third-party verification of all income, regardless of the source. Further, upon request of the family, the CCHA must perform third-party verification of all income sources.

Fixed sources of income include Social Security and SSI benefits, pensions, annuities, disability or death benefits, and other sources of income subject to a COLA or rate of interest. The determination of fixed income may be streamlined even if the family also receives income from other non-fixed sources.

Two streamlining options are available, depending upon the percentage of the family's income that is received from fixed sources. If at least 90 percent of the family's income is from fixed sources, the CCHA may streamline the verification of fixed income but is not required to verify non-fixed income amounts. If the family receives less than 90 percent of its income from fixed

sources, the CCHA may streamline the verification of fixed income and must verify non-fixed income annually.

The CCHA chooses not to streamline the annual reexamination process for fixed-income sources. The CCHA will obtain third-party verification of all sources of income annually.

11-I.C. SCHEDULING ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS

The CCHA must establish a policy to ensure that the annual reexamination for each family is completed *within* a 12-month period, and may require reexaminations more frequently [HCV GB p. 12-1].

The CCHA will begin the annual reexamination process 120 days in advance of its scheduled effective date. Generally, the CCHA will schedule annual reexamination effective dates to coincide with the family's anniversary date.

Anniversary date is defined as 12 months from the effective date of the family's last annual reexamination or, during a family's first year in the program, from the effective date of the family's initial examination (admission).

If the family moves to a new unit, the CCHA will perform a new annual reexamination. The CCHA also may schedule an annual reexamination for completion prior to the anniversary date for administrative purposes.

Notification of and Participation in the Annual Reexamination Process

Annual reexaminations will be conducted online using the CCHA's Rent Café Portal at <u>www.apply.hacc.org</u> . Notice will be sent to the client via email/mail.

If the family or anyone in the family is a person with disabilities and requires a specific accommodation in order to fully utilize our programs and services, and requires an in-person appointment they may contact the housing authority at 361-889-3300.

11-I.D. CONDUCTING ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS

As part of the annual reexamination process, families are required to provide updated information to the CCHA regarding the family's income, expenses, and composition [24 CFR 982.551(b)].

Annual reexaminations will be conducted online using the CCHA's Rent Café Portal at <u>www.apply.hacc.org</u>. Notification of the annual reexamination will be sent by first-class mail/email, and the deadline for completion. All required documents will be accepted by CCHA's Rent Café Portal at <u>www.apply.hacc.org</u>.

If the deadline date is not met a new recertification letter will be mailed/emailed to the client. If the client fails to complete his/her recertification by the second deadline date, the family will be sent a notice of termination in accordance with policies contained in Chapter 12. If the family or anyone in the family is a person with disabilities and requires a specific accommodation in order to fully utilize our programs and services and requires an in-person appointment they may contact the housing authority at 361-889-3300.

If the family is unable to attend a scheduled appointment, the family should contact the CCHA in advance of the interview to schedule a new appointment. If a family does not attend the scheduled interview, the CCHA will send a second notification with a new interview appointment time.

Families that fail to attend two scheduled interviews without CCHA approval will be a sent a notice of termination in accordance with policies contained in Chapter 12.

An advocate, interpreter, or other assistant may assist the family in the interview process. The family and the CCHA must execute a certification attesting to the role and assistance of any such third party.

Additionally, HUD recommends that at annual reexaminations CCHAs ask whether the tenant, or any member of the tenant's household, is subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement in any state [Notice PIH 2012-28].

At the annual reexamination, the CCHA will ask whether the tenant, or any member of the tenant's household, is subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement in any state. The CCHA will use the Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender database to verify the information provided by the tenant.

If the CCHA proposes to terminate assistance based on lifetime sex offender registration information, the CCHA must notify the household of the proposed action and must provide the subject of the record and the tenant a copy of the record and an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of the information prior to termination. [24 CFR 5.903(f) and 5.905(d)]. (See Chapter 12.)

The information provided by the family generally must be verified in accordance with the policies in Chapter 7. Unless the family reports a change, or the CCHA has reason to believe a change has occurred in information previously reported by the family, certain types of information that are verified at admission typically do not need to be re-verified on an annual basis. These include:

- Legal identity
- Age
- Social security numbers
- A person's disability status
- Citizenship or immigration status

If adding a new family member to the unit causes overcrowding according to the housing quality standards (HQS) (see Chapter 8), the CCHA must issue the family a new voucher, and the family and CCHA must try to find an acceptable unit as soon as possible. If an acceptable unit is available for rental by the family, the CCHA must terminate the HAP contract in accordance with its terms [24 CFR 982.403].

11-I.E. DETERMINING ONGOING ELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN STUDENTS [24 CFR 982.552(b)(5)]

Section 327 of Public Law 109-115 established new restrictions on the ongoing eligibility of certain students (both part- and full-time) who are enrolled in institutions of higher education. If a student enrolled in an institution of higher education is under the age of 24, is not a veteran, is not married, does not have a dependent child, and is not a person with disabilities receiving HCV assistance as of November 30, 2005, the student's eligibility must be reexamined along with the income eligibility of the student's parents on an annual basis. In these cases, both the student and the student's parents must be income eligible for the student to continue

to receive HCV assistance. If, however, a student in these circumstances is determined independent from his or her parents or is considered a *vulnerable youth* in accordance with CCHA Policy, the income of the student's parents will not be considered in determining the student's ongoing eligibility.

Students who reside with parents in an HCV assisted unit are not subject to this provision. It is limited to students who are receiving assistance on their own, separately from their parents. During the annual reexamination process, the CCHA will determine the ongoing eligibility of each student who is subject to the eligibility restrictions in 24 CFR 5.612 by reviewing the student's individual income as well as the income of the student's parents. If the student has been determined "independent" from his/her parents or is considered a *vulnerable youth* based on the policies in Sections 3-II.E and 7-II.E, the parents' income will not be reviewed. If the student is no longer income eligible based on his/her own income or the income of his/her parents, the student's assistance will be terminated in accordance with the policies in Section 12-I.D.

If the student continues to be income eligible based on his/her own income and the income of his/her parents (if applicable), the CCHA will process a reexamination in accordance with the policies in this chapter.

11-I.F. EFFECTIVE DATES

The CCHA must establish policies concerning the effective date of changes that result from an annual reexamination [24 CFR 982.516].

In general, an *increase* in the family share of the rent that results from an annual reexamination will take effect on the family's anniversary date, and the family will be notified at least 30 days in advance.

If less than 30 days remain before the scheduled effective date, the increase will take effect on the first of the month following the end of the 30-day notice period. If a family moves to a new unit, the increase will take effect on the effective date of the new lease and HAP contract, and no 30-day notice is required.

If the CCHA chooses to schedule an annual reexamination for completion prior to the family's anniversary date for administrative purposes, the effective date will be determined by the CCHA, but will always allow for the 30-day notice period.

If the family causes a delay in processing the annual reexamination, *increases* in the family share of the rent will be applied retroactively, to the scheduled effective date of the annual reexamination. The family will be responsible for any overpaid subsidy and may be offered a repayment agreement in accordance with the policies in Chapter 16.

In general, a *decrease* in the family share of the rent that results from an annual reexamination will take effect on the family's anniversary date.

If a family moves to a new unit, the decrease will take effect on the effective date of the new lease and HAP contract.

If the CCHA chooses to schedule an annual reexamination for completion prior to the family's anniversary date for administrative purposes, the effective date will be determined by the CCHA.

If the family causes a delay in processing the annual reexamination, *decreases* in the family share of the rent will be applied prospectively, from the first day of the month following completion of the reexamination processing.

Delays in reexamination processing are considered to be caused by the family if the family fails to provide information requested by the CCHA by the date specified, and this delay prevents the CCHA from completing the reexamination as scheduled.

PART II: INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS [24 CFR 982.516]

11-II.A. OVERVIEW

Family circumstances may change between annual reexaminations. HUD and CCHA policies dictate what kinds of information about changes in family circumstances must be reported, and under what circumstances the CCHA must process interim reexaminations to reflect those changes. HUD regulations also permit the CCHA to conduct interim reexaminations of income or family composition at any time. When an interim reexamination is conducted, only those factors that have changed are verified and adjusted [HCV GB, p. 12-10].

In addition to specifying what information the family must report, HUD regulations permit the family to request an interim determination if other aspects of the family's income or composition changes. The CCHA must complete the interim reexamination within a reasonable time after the family's request.

This part includes HUD and CCHA policies describing what changes families are required to report, what changes families may choose to report, and how the CCHA will process both CCHA- and family-initiated interim reexaminations.

11-II.B. CHANGES IN FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

The family is required to report all changes in family composition. The CCHA must adopt policies prescribing when and under what conditions the family must report changes in income and family composition. However, due to family obligations under the program, the CCHA has limited discretion in this area.

The CCHA will conduct interim reexaminations to account for any changes in household composition that occur between annual reexaminations.

New Family Members Not Requiring CCHA Approval

The addition of a family member as a result of birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody does not require CCHA approval. However, the family is required to promptly notify the CCHA of the addition [24 CFR 982.551(h)(2)].

The family must inform the CCHA of the birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody of a child within 10 business days.

New Family and Household Members Requiring Approval

With the exception of children who join the family as a result of birth, adoption, or courtawarded custody, a family must request CCHA approval to add a new family member [24 CFR 982.551(h)(2)] or other household member (live-in aide or foster child) [24 CFR 982.551(h)(4)]. When any new family member is added, the CCHA must make appropriate adjustments in the family share of the rent and the HAP payment at the effective date of either the annual or interim reexamination [24 CFR 982.516(e)(2)]. If a change in family size causes a violation of Housing Quality Standards (HQS) space standards (see Chapter 8), the CCHA must issue the family a new voucher, and the family and CCHA must try to find an acceptable unit as soon as possible. If an acceptable unit is available for rental by the family, the CCHA must terminate the family's HAP contract in accordance with its terms [24 CFR 982.403].

Families must request CCHA approval to add a new family member, live-in aide, foster child, or foster adult. This includes any person not on the lease who is expected to stay in the unit for more than 30 consecutive days or 90 cumulative days within a 12-month period and therefore no longer qualifies as a "guest." Requests must be made in writing and approved by the CCHA prior to the individual moving into the unit.

The CCHA will not approve the addition of a new family or household member unless the individual meets the CCHA's eligibility criteria (see Chapter 3) and documentation requirements (see Chapter 7, Part II).

The CCHA will not approve the addition of a foster child or foster adult if it will cause a violation of HQS space standards.

If the CCHA determines an individual meets the CCHA's eligibility criteria and documentation requirements, the CCHA will provide written approval to the family. If the approval of a new family member or live-in aide will cause overcrowding according to HQS standards, the approval letter will explain that the family will be issued a voucher and will be required to move.

If the CCHA determines that an individual does not meet the CCHA's eligibility criteria or documentation requirements, the CCHA will notify the family in writing of its decision to deny approval of the new family or household member and the reasons for the denial.

The CCHA will make its determination within 10 business days of receiving all information required to verify the individual's eligibility.

Departure of a Family or Household Member

Families must promptly notify the CCHA if any family member no longer lives in the unit [24 CFR 982.551(h)(3)]. Because household members are considered when determining the family unit (voucher) size [24 CFR 982.402], the CCHA also needs to know when any live-in aide, foster child, or foster adult ceases to reside in the unit.

If a household member ceases to reside in the unit, the family must inform the CCHA within 10 business days. This requirement also applies to a family member who has been considered temporarily absent at the point that the family concludes the individual is permanently absent.

11-II.C. CHANGES AFFECTING INCOME OR EXPENSES

Interim reexaminations can be scheduled either because the CCHA has reason to believe that changes in income or expenses may have occurred, or because the family reports a change. When a family reports a change, the CCHA may take different actions depending on whether the family reported the change voluntarily, or because it was required to do so.

CCHA-Initiated Interim Reexaminations

CCHA-initiated interim reexaminations are those that are scheduled based on circumstances or criteria defined by the CCHA. They are not scheduled because of changes reported by the family.

The CCHA will conduct interim reexaminations in each of the following instances:

For families receiving the Earned Income Disallowance (EID), the CCHA will conduct an interim reexamination at the start and conclusion of the 24-month eligibility period.

If the family has reported zero income, the CCHA will conduct an interim reexamination every 3 months as long as the family continues to report that they have no income.

If at the time of the annual reexamination, it is not feasible to anticipate a level of income for the next 12 months (e.g. seasonal or cyclic income), the CCHA will schedule an interim reexamination to coincide with the end of the period for which it is feasible to project income. If at the time of the annual reexamination, tenant declarations were used on a provisional basis due to the lack of third-party verification, and third-party verification becomes available, the CCHA will conduct an interim reexamination.

The CCHA may conduct an interim reexamination at any time in order to correct an error in a previous reexamination, or to investigate a tenant fraud complaint.

Family-Initiated Interim Reexaminations

The CCHA must adopt policies prescribing when and under what conditions the family must report changes in family income or expenses [24 CFR 982.516(c)]. In addition, HUD regulations require that the family be permitted to obtain an interim reexamination any time the family has experienced a change in circumstances since the last determination [24 CFR 982.516(b)(2)].

Required Reporting

HUD regulations give the CCHA the freedom to determine the circumstances under which families will be required to report changes affecting income.

Families are required to report all increases in income within 10 business days of the change occurring. The CCHA will conduct an interim reexamination to recalculate the new family share of rent and new subsidy amount. Families may report changes in income or expenses at any time.

Optional Reporting

The family may request an interim reexamination any time the family has experienced a change in circumstances since the last determination [24 CFR 982.516(b)(2)]. The CCHA must process the request if the family reports a change that will result in a reduced family income [HCV GB, p. 12-9].

If a family reports a decrease in income from the loss of welfare benefits due to fraud or noncompliance with a welfare agency requirement to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program, the family's share of the rent will not be reduced [24 CFR 5.615]. For more information regarding the requirement to impute welfare income see Chapter 6.

11-II.D. PROCESSING THE INTERIM REEXAMINATION

Method of Reporting

The family may notify the CCHA at any time of changes online using the CCHA's Rent Café Portal at <u>www.apply.hacc.org</u> by clicking "Report A Change".

Generally, the family will not be required to attend an in person interview for an interim reexamination. However, if the CCHA determines that an interview is warranted, the family may be required to attend.

Based on the type of change reported, the CCHA will determine the documentation the family will be required to submit. The family must submit any required information or documents within 10 business days of receiving a request from the CCHA. This time frame may be extended

for good cause with CCHA approval. The CCHA will only accept required documentation using the CCHA's Rent Café Portal at <u>www.apply.hacc.org</u>.

If the family or anyone in the family is a person with disabilities and requires a specific accommodation in order to fully utilize our programs and services, and requires an in-person appointment they may contact the housing authority at 361-889-3300.

Effective Dates

The CCHA must establish the time frames in which any changes that result from an interim reexamination will take effect [24 CFR 982.516(d)]. The changes may be applied either retroactively or prospectively, depending on whether there is to be an increase or a decrease in the family share of the rent, and whether the family reported any required information within the required time frames [HCV GB, p. 12-10].

If the family share of the rent is to *increase*:

The increase generally will be effective on the first of the month following 30 days' notice to the family.

If a family fails to report a change within the required time frames, or fails to provide all required information within the required time frames, the increase will be applied retroactively, to the date it would have been effective had the information been provided on a timely basis. The family will be responsible for any overpaid subsidy and may be offered a repayment agreement in accordance with the policies in Chapter 16. family share of the rent is to *decrease*:

If the family share of the rent is to *decrease*:

The decrease will be effective on the first day of the month following the month in which the change was reported and all required documentation was submitted. In cases where the change cannot be verified until after the date the change would have become effective, the change will be made retroactively.

PART III: RECALCULATING FAMILY SHARE AND SUBSIDY AMOUNT

11-III.A. OVERVIEW

After gathering and verifying required information for an annual or interim reexamination, the CCHA must recalculate the family share of the rent and the subsidy amount, and notify the family and owner of the changes [24 CFR 982.516(d)(2), HCV 12-6 and 12-10]. While the basic policies that govern these calculations are provided in Chapter 6, this part lays out policies that affect these calculations during a reexamination.

11-III.B. CHANGES IN PAYMENT STANDARDS AND UTILITY ALLOWANCES

In order to calculate the family share of the rent and HAP amount correctly, changes in payment standards, subsidy standards, or utility allowances may need to be updated and included in the CCHA's calculations.

Specific policies governing how subsidy standards, payment standards, and utility allowances are applied are discussed below.

Payment Standards [24 CFR 982.505]

The family share of the rent and HAP calculations must use the correct payment standard for the family, taking into consideration the family unit size, the size of unit, and the area in which

the unit is located [HCV GB, p. 12-5]. See Chapter 6 for information on how to select the appropriate payment standard.

When the CCHA changes its payment standards or the family's situation changes, new payment standards are applied at the following times:

- If the CCHA's payment standard amount changes during the term of the HAP contract, the date on which the new standard is applied depends on whether the standard has increased or decreased:
 - If the payment standard amount has increased, the increased payment standard will be applied at the *first annual* reexamination following the effective date of the increase in the payment standard.
 - If the payment standard amount has *decreased*, during the term of a HAP contract, the CCHA is not required to reduce the payment standard as the HAP contract remains in effect. At the family's *second annual* reexamination, the CCHA may, but is not required to, apply the decreased payment standard or may gradually implement the reduced payment standard (See Chapter 6 for the CCHA's policy on decreases in the payment standard).
- If the family moves to a new unit, or a new HAP contract is executed due to changes in the lease (even if the family remains in place) the current payment standard applicable to the family will be used when the new HAP contract is processed.

Subsidy Standards [24 CFR 982.505(c)(4)]

If there is a change in the family unit size that would apply to a family during the HAP contract term, either due to a change in family composition, or a change in the CCHA's subsidy standards (see Chapter 5), the new family unit size must be used to determine the payment standard amount for the family at the family's *first annual* reexamination following the change in family unit size.

Utility Allowances [24 CFR 982.517(d)]

The family share of the rent and HAP calculations must reflect any changes in the family's utility arrangement with the owner, or in the CCHA's utility allowance schedule [HCV GB, p. 12-5]. Chapter 16 discusses how utility allowance schedules are established.

When there are changes in the utility arrangement with the owner, the CCHA must use the utility allowances in effect at the time the new lease and HAP contract are executed.

At reexamination, the CCHA must use the CCHA current utility allowance schedule [HCV GB, p. 18-8].

Revised utility allowances will be applied to a family's rent and subsidy calculations at the first annual reexamination after the allowance is adopted.

11-III.C. NOTIFICATION OF NEW FAMILY SHARE AND HAP AMOUNT

The CCHA must notify the owner and family of any changes in the amount of the HAP payment [HUD-52641, HAP Contract]. The notice must include the following information [HCV GB, p. 12-6]:

- The amount and effective date of the new HAP payment
- The amount and effective date of the new family share of the rent
- The amount and effective date of the new tenant rent to owner

The family must be given an opportunity for an informal hearing regarding the CCHA's determination of their annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment [24 CFR 982.555(a)(1)(i)] (see Chapter 16).

The notice to the family will include the annual and adjusted income amounts that were used to calculate the family share of the rent and the housing assistance payment.

The notice will state the family has the right to request an explanation of how the assistance was calculated and if the family disagrees, they have the right to informal hearing. The notice will include the procedures for requesting an informal hearing.

11-III.D. DISCREPANCIES

During an annual or interim reexamination, the CCHA may discover that information previously reported by the family was in error, or that the family intentionally misrepresented information. In addition, the CCHA may discover errors made by the CCHA. When errors resulting in the overpayment or underpayment of subsidy are discovered, corrections will be made in accordance with the policies in Chapter 13.